

What is Oslo's climate strategy?

The climate strategy for Oslo towards 2030 was adopted by the City Council at the start of May and replaces The Climate and Energy Strategy and The Climate Adaptation Strategy from 2015 and 2016. The main objective remains - for Oslo to have close to zero emissions. The new strategy comprises five targets for Oslo's work on climate change.

How will Oslo reduce energy consumption in 2020?

The use of fossil fuels for heating shall be phased out in Oslo in 2020 and replaced by renewable sources of energy for heating. The city of Oslo shall work to reduce energy consumption in buildings by 1.5 TWh by 2020. This reduction will be achieved through national and local measures.

Does Oslo need a national energy inventory?

Together with Stavanger, Bergen and Trondheim, the City of Oslo has asked the national authorities to establish a national energy inventory for Norwegian municipalities. Notwithstanding the uncertainty linked to the underlying data, total energy consumption in Oslo fell during the period 2009-2019.

How will the city of Oslo reduce emissions from port activities?

The City of Oslo will work with national authorities and transport industry to transfer as much as possible of the freight by heavy duty vehicles over to rail and sea. Shore power and other environmental measures shall reduce emissions from port activities in Oslo with at least 50% by 2030.

How can Oslo achieve its climate targets?

Land-use priorities, land for climate measures and provisions in the land-use section of the municipal master plan also represent important prerequisites if Oslo is to achieve its climate targets. The Norwegian Environment Agency has published a beta version of an emission inventory for land use in Norwegian municipalities.

Will Norway reduce energy use in buildings by 10 Terawatt hours?

In the buildings sector, which accounts for 34% of TFC, Norway has a target to reduce energy use in existing buildings by 10 terawatt hours (TWh) by 2030 relative to 2015 levels. The main energy efficiency measure in the buildings sector is the adoption of building codes.

Building on the 2030 Climate Action Plan, in June 2021, the government presented a white paper on energy policy and long-term value creation from Norwegian energy resources, including through new industries such as ...

The Klemetsrud CO₂ capture and storage project by 2026 will be the world's first waste-to-energy plant with full-scale CCS. The Bellona Foundation has worked on this project with Oslo and Fortum Oslo Varme for ...

Municipal entities are working to reduce energy consumption in their own buildings and to ensure that new buildings are constructed in an energy-efficient manner (based on passive house ...

Key words: new energy storage, policies, business models. CLC Number: TK 02 Cite this article. Yuefeng LU, Zuogang GUO, Yu GU, Min XU, Tong LIU. Analysis of new energy storage ...

Carbon capture: Hafslund Celsio. Hafslund Celsio (earlier Hafslund Oslo Celsio) plans to capture up to 400 000 tonnes of CO₂ from their waste-to-energy in Oslo.. Construction phase of ...

Oslo is on course to become the first capital city in the world with an all-electric public transport system, targeting that goal for the end of 2023 as part of its aim to become the world's first ...

Oslo is on course to become the first capital city in the world with an all-electric public transport system, targeting that goal for the end of 2023 as part of its aim to become the world's first wholly emissions-free city by 2030. ... Energy Storage ...

MITEI's three-year Future of Energy Storage study explored the role that energy storage can play in fighting climate change and in the global adoption of clean energy grids. Replacing fossil ...

Speech/statement | Date: 14/02/2024. By Prime Minister Jonas Gahr Støre. "When we succeed in carbon capture and storage, it may have major impact far beyond Norway. If we can do our offshore activity with 50 percent reduction of ...

A schematic of how Photoncycle envisions its full system when installed at a house. Image Credits: Photoncycle "Lithium-ion batteries use costly metals. Our material is super cheap: To store ...

