

How to save methane consumption compared to conventional hydrogen production?

Compared with conventional hydrogen production via industrial SMR approach, saving in methane consumption by the new approach corresponds to the amount of combusted methane as substituted by solar thermal energy via CSE, and by solar PV electricity for the separation of H<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> products.

Can hydrogen be stored as a fuel?

This makes it more difficult and expensive to store and transport hydrogen for use as a fuel (Rivard et al. 2019). There are several storage methods that can be used to address this challenge, such as compressed gas storage, liquid hydrogen storage, and solid-state storage.

Can hydrogen be stored at a higher pressure than methane?

Compared to the underground natural gas storage, higher capillary entry pressures are expected to occur for hydrogen due to its higher interfacial tension (Hassanpouryouzband et al. 2021; Naylor et al. 2011). Therefore, hydrogen can be stored at a higher pressure in the reservoir than methane, with a reduced risk of geomechanical failure.

Can hydrogen be stored and converted to methane in a depleted hydrocarbon reservoir?

Geologic formations could be used for hydrogen storage and conversion to methane, yet technical feasibility is unclear as field-scale data are lacking. Here the authors perform field tests demonstrating that hydrogen can be stored and microbially converted to methane in a depleted underground hydrocarbon reservoir.

How do you store hydrogen?

As a result, storing sufficient amounts of hydrogen for practical use can be challenging. Different storage methods, such as compressed gas, liquid hydrogen, and solid-state storage, each have their advantages and limitations, with trade-offs between storage capacity, safety, and cost.

What are the benefits of hydrogen storage?

4. Distribution and storage flexibility: hydrogen can be stored and transported in a variety of forms, including compressed gas, liquid, and solid form. This allows for greater flexibility in the distribution and storage of energy, which can enhance energy security by reducing the vulnerability of the energy system to disruptions.

SMR has a high energy efficiency (75%), but the need for carbon capture and storage (CCS) systems to obtain high purity hydrogen and decrease the GHG emissions results in a significant energy efficiency drop (60%) (Table ...

While the cost of natural gas and other fossil fuels to produce hydrogen remains at a moderate level, steam methane reforming (SMR) will be the technology chosen for a large scale of synthesis gas and hydrogen ...

Storage of hydrogen in the form of methane (natural gas) may be a preferable alternative for overcoming the storage problems associated with storing pure hydrogen in geological formations. When there is a surplus of ...

With the increasing air pollution and the rising sea level, human demand for clean and sustainable energy is constantly increasing [1]. As an important part of fossil fuels, natural ...

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