

Compressed air energy storage rock drilling

What is compressed air energy storage (CAES)?

Compressed air energy storage (CAES) is an effective solution for balancing this mismatch and therefore is suitable for use in future electrical systems to achieve a high penetration of renewable energy generation.

Which geological Site is suitable for compressed air energy storage?

A suitable geological site for compressed air energy storage is given by a highly permeable porous formation and a tight cap rock to prevent the buoyant rise of the air (see Fig. 1). In northern Germany, anticline structures suitable for CAES can be found in a variety of settings (Baldschuhn et al. 2001).

Should compressed air be injected into a depleted oil & gas reservoir?

However, care is required to inject compressed air into depleted oil and gas reservoirs due to the potential for a combustible environment at the surface or in the subsurface (Kim et al., 2023). ... CAES also offers extended energy storage durations, enabling the storage of electricity for prolonged periods.

How was compressed air extracted from a well without refilling the air?

First, without refilling the air, the compressed air was continuously extracted from the reservoir by maintaining an extraction air mass flow rate, i.e. gas production rate (GPR), of 417 kg s⁻¹ and a well BHP of 47 bar.

How is compressed air released during discharging?

During discharging, air is released, either heated by burning fuel or stored thermal energy to generate electricity. Compressed air is stored in underground caverns or up ground vessels. The CAES technology has existed for more than four decades.

Are compressed air energy storage power plants an option for grid integration?

Compressed air energy storage power plants as an option for the grid integration of renewable energy sources. A comparison of the concepts; Druckluftspeicherkraftwerke als Option zur Netzintegration erneuerbarer Energiequellen. Ein Vergleich der Konzepte. Fachhochschule Flensburg (Germany). Inst. fuer Energiesystemtechnik, Germany, p.

Geotechnical evaluation of a conglomerate for compressed air energy storage; the influence of the sedimentary cycle and filling minerals in the rock matrix T. Shidahara a, *, ...

A compressed air energy storage system ... The in-situ sediments are obtained at the cavern bottom using the drilling platform, tubing, and coring tool, ... Gas injection and brine discharge ...

With the increase of power generation from renewable energy sources and due to their intermittent nature, the power grid is facing the great challenge in maintaining the power network stability and reliability. To address

the ...

This volume presents the results of the deep drilling program performed on the Sunshine Site from January to August 1979. The work was undertaken to drill a deep hole and to perform in ...

Air Compression: Atmospheric air is pressurised, converting electrical energy to potential energy. 2. Storage: The pressurised air is stored for use later in either a vessels, pipes, underground ...

Air tightness of compressed air storage energy caverns with polymer sealing layer subjected to various air pressures Journal of Rock Mechanics and Geotechnical Engineering, 15 (2023), ...

CAES using a porous rock reservoir. Work Included: oReservoir modelling oDrilling oLogging oCore sampling and analysis oInjection and withdrawal testing -110 day program ... "Final Technical ...

Compressed Air Energy Storage. In the first project of its kind, the Bonneville Power Administration teamed with the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory and a full complement of industrial and utility partners to evaluate the technical and ...

The core principle of compressed air energy storage [13] is to utilize surplus electricity generated from renewable energy sources to compress air into large-scale storage ...

To verify the feasibility of shallow rock cavern, a lined cavern within granite stratum was constructed in an exploratory tunnel in Pingjiang pumped storage power station, Hunan, as the ...