

How Sinopec has developed CCUS Technology?

Sinopec has established multi-aspect, multi-level, and full-chain CCUS technological systems, developed various CO₂ capture solvents with low cost and low energy consumption, and formed CO₂ capture technologies for different industrial gas sources. The long-distance transport technologies of supercritical CO₂ have been established.

Will Sinopec be able to harness hydrogen?

As the United Nations plans to scale up its goal for green electrolyzers to 45 GW by 2027, Sinopec is leading the effort in harnessing hydrogen's considerable potential in tandem with its investments in other sources of renewable energy generation.

How can Sinopec accelerate the industrialization of CCUS by 2025?

To accelerate the industrialized development of CCUS by 2025, as stipulated in the 14th National five-year plan, Sinopec is also planning to establish a dedicated R&D centre that will focus on spurring the technology's deployment across different power generation plants.

What is Sinopec doing about CO₂ flooding?

Sinopec has successively carried out 36 pilot tests of CO₂ flooding in low- and ultra-low-permeability reservoirs, high water cut reservoirs, faulted reservoirs and tight oil reservoirs. To date, 41.5 million tons of reserves have been developed with an accumulative CO₂ injection of about 2.37 million tons.

What is CCUS industrialization path from Sinopec's perspective?

Finally, a CCUS industrialization path from Sinopec's perspective is suggested, using CO₂-EOR as the major means and CO₂-EWR, CO₂-driven enhanced gas recovery (CO₂-EGR) and other utilization methods as important supplementary means.

1. Overview of global CCUS development

What will China's energy consumption look like in 2060?

The Chinese Academy of Engineering (CAE) predicts the country's primary energy consumption in 2060 will reach 5.57 billion tons of standard coal, with fossil energy consumption accounting for around 26.8 percent that will produce 2.71 billion tons of carbon dioxide emissions.

Global chemical business, INEOS has completed the formation of a 50/50 joint venture with oil and gas business, SINOPEC for the Tianjin Nangang Ethylene Project, China announced in December 2022, which is currently ...

New energy storage and utilization feature heavily in the new partnership, catalyzing green developments in southwestern China. MENU. LOGIN. SUBSCRIBE. 36Kr (EN) Trending; Insights; ... Sinopec Green ...

Sinopec's significant investments in CCUS (Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage) initiatives underscore the company's commitment to advancing clean energy solutions. The substantial ...

It also contains a hydrogen storage tank farm with the capacity to store 210,000 cubic metres. According to Sinopec, it is the largest plant of its kind in the world. The facility is expected to reduce carbon emissions by around ...

In addition, Sinopec will have its Wen 13 West and Bai 9 gas storage facilities in the Zhongyuan Oilfield region up and running by the end of this year after completing construction and gas ...

China's Sinopec Corp said on Monday it has put into operation the country's largest carbon capture, utilisation and storage (CCUS) facility in east China, and plans to build two more plants of...

MITEI's three-year Future of Energy Storage study explored the role that energy storage can play in fighting climate change and in the global adoption of clean energy grids. Replacing fossil ...

If deployed strategically, energy storage can do all the things boosters say, making the grid more flexible, unlocking renewable energy, and reducing emissions. But only if it is deployed ...

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